

Mitteilung an alle Anteilseigner der Broadvision Inc:

Anbei finden Sie die Information der Gesellschaft:

US1114127061 Braodvision Inc - Chapter XI

Details können Sie der beigefügten Anlage entnehmen.

United States Bankruptcy Court for Distr BroadVision, Inc. Claims Processing Cent c/o Epiq Corporate Restructuring, LLC P.O. Box 4421 Beaverton, OR 97076-4421 Name of Debtor: Case Number:			To submit your form online p your Mail ID for access. Your Mail ID is as for For Court Use Only	lease go to [https://epigworkflow.com/cases/BVN] Use		
Proof of Claim (Official				04/19		
Read the instructions before filling out the under 503(b)(9), do not use this form to reliers must leave out or redact information documents that support the claim, such a ortgages, and security agreements. Do rexplain in an attachment. A person who files a fraudulent claim coulfill in all the information about the claim.	make a request on that is entitled to be promissory not not send original to be fined up to	for payment of an administratived to privacy on this form or on an artes, purchase orders, invoices, its documents; they may be destroacted to the control of the control o	e expense. Make such by attached document emized statements of byed after scanning. If 5 years, or both. 18 U	ts. Attach redacted copies of any running accounts, contracts, judgments, the documents are not available, J.S.C. §§ 152, 157, and 3571.		
Fill in all the information about the claim as of the date the case was filed. That date is on the notice of bankruptcy (Form 309) that you received.						
Part 1: Identify the Claim 1. Who is the current creditor?						
Name of the current creditor (the person or en	tity to be paid for	this claim):				
Other names the creditor used with the debtor	T:					
2. Has this claim been acquired from some	one else? 🔲 N	a 🗆 Yes. From whom?				
3. Where should notices and payments to			dure (FRBP) 2002(g)	4. Does this claim amend one already filed?		
Where should notices to the creditor be sent?		Where should payments to the creditor be sent? (if different)		☐ No ☐ Yes. Claim number on court claims register (if known)		
Name		Name				
				Filed on MM /DD /YYYY		
Number Street		Number Street		5. Do you know if anyone else has filed a		
lity State ZIP Code		City State ZIP Code		proof of claim for this claim?		
Zity State ZIP C	ooe		□ No			
Country (if International):		Country (if International):		☐ Yes. Who made the earlier filing?		
Contact phone:		Contact phone:				
Contact email:		Contact email:				
Part 2: Give Information About the	Claim as of the D	ate the Case Was Filed				
6. Do you have any number you use to identify the debtor?	7. How much is the claim?		8. What is the basis of the claim? Examples: Goods sold, money loaned, lease, services performed, personal injury or wrongful death, or credit card. Attach redacted copies of any documents supporting the claim required by Bankruptcy Rule 3001(c). Lirnit disclosing information that is entitled to privacy, such as health care information.			
□ No						
☐ Yes.	S Does this amount include interest or other					
Last 4 digits of the debtor's account or any charges?		the tributed attack and an approxi-				
number you use to identify the debtor:	□ No		***			
MARAMATURE WITH A SAME PROPERTY ASSAULTS		statement itemizing interest, fees,				
	expenses, or other charges required by Bankruptcy Rule 3001(c)(2)(A).					

9. Is all or part of the claim secured?		10. Is this claim based on a lease? 11. Is this claim subject to a right of setoff?				
□ No		□ No	□ No			
Yes. The claim is secured by a lien on property. Nature of property:		☐ Yes. Amount necessary to cure any default as of the date of petition.	☐ Yes. Identify the property:			
Real estate. If the claim is secured by the debtor's principal		\$				
residence, file a Mortgage Proof of Claim Attachment (official Form 410-A) with this Proof of Claim.		12. Is all or part of the claim entitled to under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)?	priority A claim may be partly priority and partly nonpriority. For example, in some categories, the law limits the			
☐ Motor vehicle		□ No	amount entitled to priority.			
Other. Describe:		☐ Yes. Check one:	Amount entitled to priority			
Basis for perfection:		☐ Domestic support obligations (includ child support) under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(1				
Attach redacted copies of documents, if any, that show evidence of perfection of security interest (for example, a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, financing statement, or other document that shows the lien has been filed or recorded.)		Up to \$3,025* of deposits toward purchase, lease, or rental of property or services for personal, family, or household use. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(7).				
Value of property: \$		☐ Wages, salaries, or commissions (up- earned within 180 days before the bank filed or the debtor's business ends, whic	uptcy petition is			
Amount of the claim that is secured: \$		11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(4).				
Amount of the claim that is unsecured: \$		☐ Taxes or penalties owed to government 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(8).	ental units.			
(The sum of the secured and unsecured amounts should match the amount in line 7.)		☐ Contributions to an employee benef	it plan. 11 U.S.C. §			
		507(a)(5).				
iount necessary to cure any default as of the date of the petition: \$		Other. Specify subsection of 11 U.S.	C. § 507 (a)()			
Annual Interest Rate (when case was filed)%		that applies. * Amounts are subject to adjustment on 4/01/22 and every 3 years after that for cases begun on or				
☐ Fixed ☐ Variable		after the date of adjustment.				
13. Does this claim qualify as an Administrative Expense under 11 U.S.C. § 503(b)(9)?						
□ No						
Yes. Amount that qualifies as an Administrative Expense under 11 U.S.C. § 503(b)(9): \$						
Part 3: Sign Below						
The person completing	Check the appropriate box:					
this proof of claim must sign and date it. FRBP	☐ I am the creditor.					
9011(b).	☐ I am the creditor's attorney or auth	prized agent.				
If you file this claim	☐ I am the trustee, or the debtor, or their authorized agent. Bankruptcy Rule 3004.					
electronically, FRBP	☐ I am a guarantor, surety, endorser, or other co-debtor. Bankruptcy Rule 3005.					
5005(a)(2) authorizes courts to establish local	I understand that an authorized signature on this <i>Proof of Claim</i> serves as an acknowledgment that when calculating the amount of the claim, the creditor gave the debtor credit for any payments received toward the debt.					
rules specifying what a signature is.	I have examined the information in this Proof of Claim and have a reasonable belief that the information is true and correct.					
person who files a	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.					
audulent claim could be	Executed on date					
fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C.	MM / DD / YYYY Signature					
§§ 152, 157, and 3571.	Print the name of the person who is completing and signing this claim:					
	Name First name	Middle name Last	name			
	Title					
	Company Identify the corporate servicer as the company if the authorized agent is a servicer.					
	Address					
	City	State	ZIP Code			
		r#				
	Contact Phone Email					

Official Form 410 - Instructions for Proof of Claim

United States Bankruptcy Court

These instructions and definitions generally explain the law. In certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy cases that debtors do not file voluntarily, exceptions to these general rules may apply. You should consider obtaining the advice of an attorney, especially if you are unfamiliar with the bankruptcy process and privacy regulations.

A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000 imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157 and 3571

How to fill out this form

- Fill in all of the information about the claim as of the date the case was filed.
- Fill in the caption at the top of the form. Fill in the name of the Debtor in the bankruptcy case, and the bankruptcy case number.
 The full list of debtors is provided under the overview section on the Claims Agent's website: http://dm.epiq11.com/BroadVision.
- If the claim has been acquired from someone else, then state the identity of the last party who owned the claim or was the holder of the claim and who transferred it to you before the initial claim was filed.
- Attach any supporting documents to this form. Attach redacted copies of any documents that show that the debt exists, a lien secures the debt, or both. (See the definition of redaction below.)
 - Also attach redacted copies of any documents that show perfection of any security interest or any assignments or transfers of the debt. In addition to the documents, a summary may be added. Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (called "Bankruptcy Rule") 3001(c) and (d).
- Do not attach original documents because attachments may be destroyed after scanning.
- If the claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, do not disclose confidential health care information. Leave out or redact confidential information both in the claim and in the attached documents.
- A Proof of Claim form and any attached documents must show only the last 4 digits of any social security number, individual's tax identification number, or financial account number, and only the year of any person's date of birth. See Bankruptcy Rule 9037.
- For a minor child, fill in only the child's initials and the full name and address of the child's parent or guardian. For example, write A.B., a minor child (John Doe, parent, 123 Main St, City, State). See Bankruptcy Rule 9037.

Confirmation that the claim has been filed

To receive confirmation that the claim has been filed, either enclose a stamped self-addressed envelope and a copy of this form or you may scess the Claims Agent's website

্ৰnttp://dm.epiq11.com/BroadVision) to view your filed form under "Claims."

Where to Send Proof of Claim Form

First Class Mail:

BroadVision, Inc. Claims Processing Center c/o Epiq Corporate Restructuring, LLC PO Box 4421
Beaverton, OR 97076-4421

Hand Delivery or Overnight Mail:

BroadVision, Inc. Claims Processing Center c/o Epiq Corporate Restructuring, LLC 10300 SW Allen Blvd Beaverton, OR 97005

Electronic Filing:

By accessing the E-filing Claims link at https://dm.epiq11.com/BroadVision

Do not file these instructions with your form.

Understand the terms used in this form

Administrative expense: Generally, an expense that arises after a bankruptcy case is filed in connection with operating, liquidating, or distributing the bankruptcy estate. 11 U.S.C. § 503.

Claim: A creditor's right to receive payment for a debt that the debtor owed on the date the debtor filed for bankruptcy. 11 U.S.C. §101 (5). A claim may be secured or unsecured.

Creditor: A person, corporation, or other entity to whom a debtor owes a debt that was incurred on or before the date the debtor filed for bankruptcy. 11 U.S.C. §101 (10).

Debtor: A person, corporation, or other entity who is in bankruptcy. Use the debtor's name and case number as shown in the bankruptcy notice you received. 11 U.S.C. § 101 (13).

Evidence of perfection: Evidence of perfection of a security interest may include documents showing that a security interest has been filed or recorded, such as a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, or financing statement.

Information that is entitled to privacy: A *Proof of Claim* form and any attached documents must show only the last 4 digits of any social security number, an individual's tax identification number, or a financial account number, only the initials of a minor's name, and only the year of any person's date of birth. If a claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, limit the disclosure of the goods or services to avoid embarrassment or disclosure of confidential health care information. You may later be required to give more information if the trustee or someone else in interest objects to

Priority claim: A claim within a category of unsecured claims that is entitled to priority under 11 U.S.C. §507(a). These claims are paid from the available money or property in a bankruptcy case before other unsecured claims are paid. Common priority unsecured claims include alimony, child support, taxes, and certain unpaid wages.

Proof of claim: A form that shows the amount of debt the debtor owed to a creditor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. The form must be filed in the district where the case is pending.

Redaction of information: Masking, editing out, or deleting certain information to protect privacy. Filers must redact or leave out information entitled to **privacy** on the *Proof of Claim* form and any attached documents.

Secured claim under 11 U.S.C. §506(a): A claim backed by a lien on particular property of the debtor. A claim is secured to the extent that a creditor has the right to be paid from the property before other creditors are paid. The amount of a secured claim usually cannot be more than the value of the particular property on which the creditor has a lien. Any amount owed to a creditor that is more than the value of the property normally may be an unsecured claim. But exceptions exist; for example, see 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b) and the final sentence of 1325(a).

Examples of liens on property include a mortgage on real estate or a security interest in a car. A lien may be voluntarily granted by a debtor or may be obtained through a court proceeding. In some states, a court judgment may be a lien.

Setoff: Occurs when a creditor pays itself with money belonging to the debtor that it is holding, or by canceling a debt it owes to the debtor.

Uniform claim identifier: An optional 24-character identifier that some creditors use to facilitate electronic payment.

Unsecured claim: A claim that does not meet the requirements of a secured claim. A claim may be unsecured in part to the extent that the amount of the claim is more than the value of the property on which a creditor has a lien.

Offers to purchase a claim

Certain entities purchase claims for an amount that is less than the face value of the claims. These entities may contact creditors offering to purchase their claims. Some written communications from these entities may easily be confused with official court documentation or communications from the debtor. These entities do not represent the bankruptcy court, the bankruptcy trustee, or the debtor. A creditor has no obligation to sell its claim. However, if a creditor decides to sell its claim, any transfer of that claim is subject to Bankruptcy Rule 3001(e), any provisions of the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.) that apply, and any orders of the bankruptcy court that apply.